The

Vessel Incidental Discharge Act

Presented to the Columbia River Basin Team
December 4, 2018

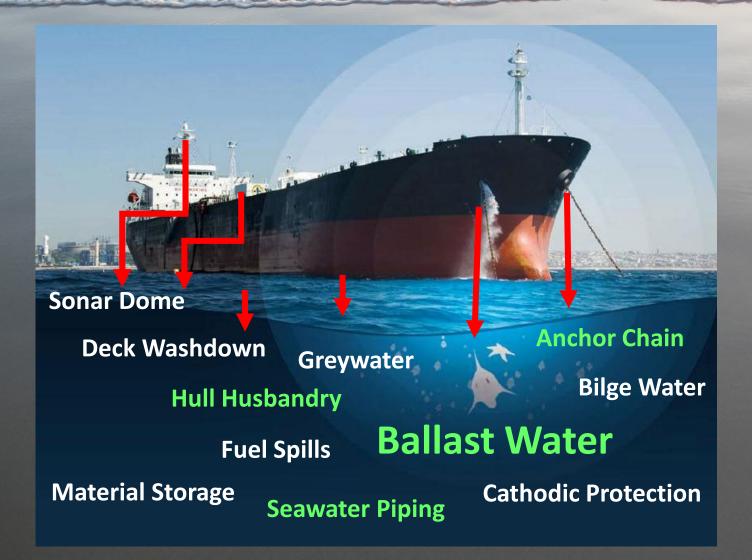
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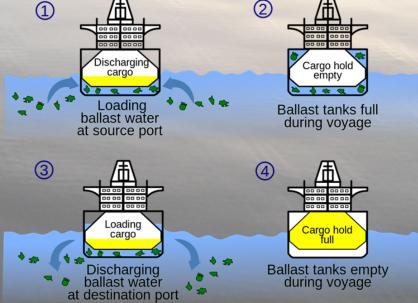


VIDA: The Players

- **States ("States"):** NR Agencies, Attorneys General, Governors, Senators, AFWA, ACWA, PSMFC...
- Shipping Industry ("Industry"):
 - Estimated first seaworthy boats developed 45,000 years ago
 - o "Discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel" started same time
 - Ballast water use started with development of iron/steel hulls in mid-1800's
 - Ballast water capacity varies by vessel size and type (zero to 60,000 m³)
 - Larger ships often have over 20 individual ballast tanks
- Environment Protection Agency ("EPA")
- United States Coast Guard ("USCG")
- International Maritime Organization ("IMO")
- Congress: Senate Commerce and EPW Committees; House Transportation Committee

VIDA: DINOV Defined





Not Covered:

- Sewage
- Garbage
- Major spills/accidents



VIDA: DINOV Defined (cont.)

Fish hold

• Discharges Incidental to the Normal Operation of a Vessel ("DINOV"): EPA lists 31 technology-based and specific discharge categories of effluent limits including:

Material storage	Toxic and hazardous materials	Fuel spills/overflows	Discharges of oil & oily mixtures	Deck washdown
Bilgewater/oily water separator	Ballast water	Anti-fouling hull coatings	Aqueous film forming foam	Boiler/economizer blowdown
Cathodic protection	Chain locker	Propeller/thruster fluid	Distillation and reverse osmosis brine	Elevator pit
Firemain systems	Freshwater layup	Gas turbine washwater	Graywater	Motor gasoline and compensating discharge
Non-oily machinery wastewater	Refrigeration and air condensate discharge	Seawater/engine/ hydraulic/refrigeration cooling water	Seawater piping biofouling prevention	Boat engine wet exhaust
Sonar dome discharge	Underwater ship husbandry and fouling	Welldeck discharges	Graywater mixed with sewage	Exhaust scrubber washwater

VIDA: BWDS Defined

- Ballast Water Discharge Standard (BWDS): A suite of 5 minimum standards by organism size class or bacteria species and volume of ballast water
 - ≥ 50 microns: < 10 organisms per cubic meter
 - ≥ 10 and < 50 microns: < 10 organisms per milliliter
 - Toxicogenic Vibrio cholera: < 1 colony forming unit per 100 milliliter
 - *Escherichia coli*: < 250 colony forming unit per 100 milliliter
 - Intestinal enterococci: < 100 colony forming unit per 100 milliliter

Same standard between EPA/USCG/IMO; unifies "viability" standard; implementation timeline not consistent with IMO

VIDA: A Brief History of Time

Year / Authority	1970-89	1990-94	1995-99	2000-04	2005-09
IMO		1991 : IMO BW and Sediment Guidelines		2004 : IMO BWM Convention	
States				2000 : WA, CA, HI 2001: OR	2008: VGP 401 Certification 26 States + OR, 2 Tribes; 11 BWM; 5 IMO BWDS; 3 > IMO BWDS
USCG		1993 : USCG BWM GL (BWE-V)	1999 : USCG BWM Nat (BWE-V)	2004: USCG BWM Nat (BWE-M)	
EPA	1973 : EPA exempts DINOV from NPDES permits		1999 : Petition to EPA	2003 : EPA denies petition; Lawsuit filed	2008: EPA DINOV Ruling & Appeal Denied 2008: EPA VGP Issued – no BWDS/timeline
Congress	1988 : Zebra Mussels in GL	1990: NANPCA 1991-92: Cholera in Gulf states	1996 : NISA		2005 : S.363 2007 : S.1578; HR.2830

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Year / Authority	2010-14	2015-19	
IMO		2016 : IMO BWM Convention Ratified 2017 : IMO BWM Convention In Effect	
States	2013: VGP 401 Certification (25 States + OR, 0 Tribes; 17 BWM; 1 > IMO BWDS)		
USCG	2013: USCG BWDS/ Timeline	2017 : 1 st BWMS type-approved by USCG (now @ 14)	
EPA	2013 : EPA VGP reissued – incl. BWDS/ Timeline	2018 : sVGP moratorium expired; VGP "Administratively Continued"	
Congress	2011: HR.2840; HR 2838 2012: S.3570; S.3332 2013: H.R.3464 2014: S.2094; HR.5609 (7)	2015: S.373; HR.980 2016: HR.4990 NDAA; 7+ Amendment versions 2017: S.168; H.R. 1154; S.1129; S.140 2018: S.1129 4+ Amendment versions; EPW 3+ versions; S.140 (23+)	

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VIDA: Provisions

- **EPA/USCG/States**: No changes/preemption until new federal standards/requirements "final, effective, and enforceable"
- **EPA**: Federal lead in establishing water quality standards for DINOV under Sec. 312 of CWA (eliminates NPDES permit requirements)
- **USCG**: Federal lead on monitoring, inspection, and enforcement of DINOV standards
- State Preemption: Cannot have a more stringent standards/requirements
- State Authorities Retained:
 - Enforcement of federal standards/requirements
 - Pacific Coast ballast water exchange and other key regional provisions
 - Ability to issue DINOV management fees (with new cap)
 - Regulation of small commercial (<79ft) and fishing vessels (except by NPDES permit)

VIDA: Provisions (cont.)

• State Authorities Gained:

- Consultation required during EPA and USCG establishment of standards/requirements
- States can petition the federal agencies for higher standards/requirements
- No preemption until new federal standards/requirements "final, effective, and enforceable"
- Enforcement of federal standards/requirements
- Pacific Coast ballast water exchange and other key regional provisions
- Improved dissemination of ballast water reporting data and annual reports
- Working group formed to develop real-time ballast water data sharing
- Quagga Mussels: Listed as an injurious species under USFWS



VIDA: Provisions (cont.)

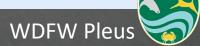
New \$5m+ Coastal AIS Mitigation Grant:

- Administration National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- Subject to appropriation (25% match requirement)
- AIS in coastal zone or EEZ
- Eligibility States, local gov't, Tribes, NGOs, academia
- Use −
 - Support ballast water and other AIS management program activities
 - Restore habitat impacted by AIS
 - Develop ballast water treatment technologies
 - Develop mitigation measures to protect natural and living cultural resources from AIS impacts
 - Develop infrastructure AIS mitigation measures

VIDA: Next Steps

"Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018" (S.140)

- Passed Senate: Nov. 14 (94-6 vote)
- Passed House: Nov. 27 (agreed to by voice vote w/o objection)
- President Signs into Law: Dec. 4
- Implementation:
 - EPA & USGC develop consultation/working relationship
 - EPA establishes consultation process & timeline for developing/issuing DINOV standards
 - USCG establishes consultation process & timeline for developing/issuing vessel requirements/enforcement procedures for EPA standards
 - EPA/USCG develop state petition process
 - Congress appropriates funds for Coastal AIS Mitigation Grant program



VIDA: Next Steps (cont.)

- Implementation:
 - A long road ahead
 - Secure the grant funding!!!

VIDA: Questions?

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